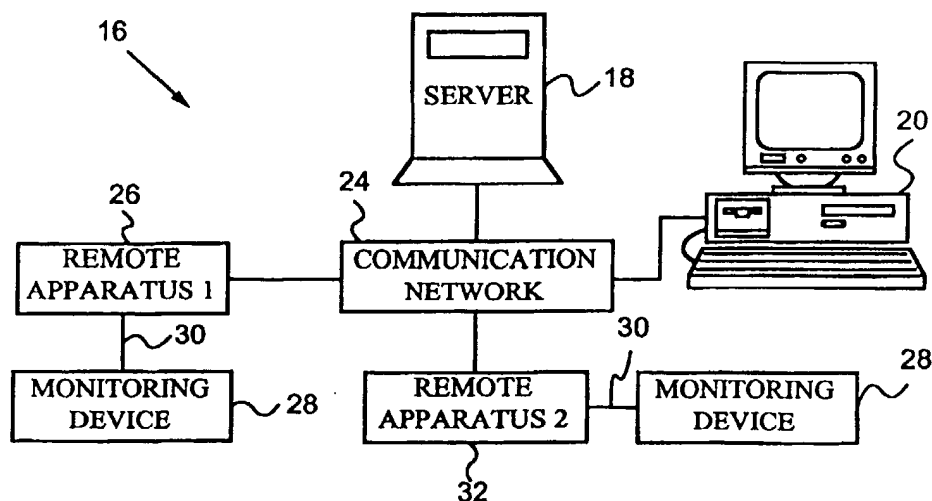




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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/21164 (22) International Filing Date: 7 October 1998 (07.10.98) (30) Priority Data: 08/946,341 7 October 1997 (07.10.97) US (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): HEALTH HERO NETWORK, INC. [US/US]; Suite 111, 2570 West El Camino Real, Mountain View, CA 94040 (US). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): BROWN, Stephen, J. [US/US]; 3324 Woodside Road, Woodside, CA 94062 (US). (74) Agent: ALBOSZTA, Marek; 426 Lowell Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94301 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW. ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW). Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM). European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

(54) Title: NETWORKED SYSTEM FOR INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATION AND REMOTE MONITORING OF INDIVIDUALS

**(57) Abstract**

A networked system and methods for communicating information to an individual and for remotely monitoring the individual. The system includes a server and a remote interface for entering in the server a set of queries to be answered by the individual. The server is preferably a web server and the remote interface is preferably a personal computer or remote terminal connected to the server via the Internet. The system also includes a remotely programmable apparatus connected to the server via a communication network, preferably the Internet. The apparatus interacts with the individual in accordance with a script program received from the server. The server includes a script generator for generating the script program from the set of queries entered through the remote interface. The script program is received and executed by the apparatus to communicate the queries to the individual, to receive responses to the queries, and to transmit the responses from the apparatus to the server.

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5 **NETWORKED SYSTEM FOR INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATION AND**
 REMOTE MONITORING OF INDIVIDUALS

10

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

 The present invention relates generally to communication systems
15 for remote monitoring of individuals and/or remote data collection
 from individuals, and in particular to a networked system for
 remotely monitoring individuals and/or collecting data from
 individuals and for communicating information to the individuals
 through the use of script programs.

20

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

 In the United States alone, over 100 million people have chronic
 health conditions, accounting for an estimated \$700 billion in
25 annual medical costs. In an effort to control these medical
 costs, many healthcare providers have initiated outpatient or home
 healthcare programs for their patients. The potential benefits of
 these programs are particularly great for chronically ill patients
 who must treat their diseases on a daily basis. However, the
30 success of these programs is dependent upon the ability of the
 healthcare providers to monitor the patients remotely to avert
 medical problems before they become complicated and costly.
 Unfortunately, no convenient and cost effective monitoring system
 exists for the patients who have the greatest need for monitoring,
35 the poor and the elderly.

 Prior attempts to monitor patients remotely have included the use
 of personal computers and modems to establish communication
 between patients and healthcare providers. However, computers are
40 too expensive to give away and the patients who already own

computers are only a small fraction of the total population. Further, the patients who own computers are typically young, well educated, and have good healthcare coverage. Thus, these patients do not have the greatest unmet medical needs. The patients who
5 have the greatest unmet medical needs are the poor and elderly who do not own computers or who are unfamiliar with their use.

Similar attempts to establish communication between patients and healthcare providers have included the use of the Internet and
10 internet terminals. Although internet terminals are somewhat less costly than personal computers, they are still too expensive to give away to patients. Moreover, monthly on-line access charges are prohibitive for poor patients.

15 Other attempts to monitor patients remotely have included the use of medical monitoring devices with built-in modems. Examples of such monitoring devices include blood glucose meters, respiratory flow meters, and heart rate monitors. Unfortunately, these monitoring devices are only designed to collect physiological data
20 from the patients. They do not allow flexible and dynamic querying of the patients for other information, such as quality of life measures or psycho-social variables of illness.

Prior attempts to monitor patients remotely have also included the
25 use of interactive telephone or video response systems. Such interactive systems are disclosed in U.S. Patents 5,390,238 issued to Kirk et al. on February 14, 1995, 5,434,611 issued to Tamura on July 18, 1995, and 5,441,047 issued to David et al. on August 15, 1995. One disadvantage of these systems is that they either
30 require a patient to call in to a central facility to be monitored or require the central facility to call the patient according to a rigid monitoring schedule.

If the patients are required to call the central facility, only
35 the compliant patients will actually call regularly to be monitored. Non-compliant patients will typically wait until an emergency situation develops before contacting their healthcare provider, thus defeating the purpose of the monitoring system. If the central facility calls each patient according to a monitoring

schedule, it is intrusive to the patient's life and resistance to the monitoring grows over time.

Another disadvantage of these conventional interactive response
5 systems is that they are prohibitively expensive for poor
patients. Further, it is difficult to identify each patient
uniquely using these systems. Moreover, these systems are
generally incapable of collecting medical data from monitoring
devices, such as blood glucose meters, respiratory flow meters, or
10 heart rate monitors.

OBJECTS AND ADVANTAGES OF THE INVENTION

In view of the above, it is an object of the present invention to
15 provide a simple and inexpensive system for remotely monitoring
patients and for communicating information to the patients. It is
another object of the invention to provide a system which allows
flexible and dynamic querying of the patients. It is a further
object of the invention to provide a system which combines
20 querying of patients with medical device monitoring in the same
monitoring session. Another object of the invention is to provide
a monitoring system which incurs lower communications charges than
those incurred by conventional monitoring systems. A further
object of the invention is to provide a monitoring system which
25 may be used at any time convenient for a patient.

These and other objects and advantages will become more apparent
after consideration of the ensuing description and the
accompanying drawings.

30

SUMMARY

The invention presents a networked system for remotely monitoring
an individual and for communicating information to the individual.
35 The system includes a server and a remote interface for entering
in the server a set of queries to be answered by the individual.
The server is preferably accessible by means of a standard network
connection such as a world wide web server and the remote
interface is preferably a personal computer or network terminal
40 connected to the web server via the Internet. The system also

includes a remotely programmable apparatus for interacting with the individual. The apparatus is connected to the server via a communication network, preferably the Internet. The apparatus interacts with the individual in accordance with a script program
5 received from the server.

The server includes a script generator for generating the script program from the queries entered through the remote interface. The script program is executable by the apparatus to communicate
10 the queries to the individual, to receive responses to the queries, and to transmit the responses from the apparatus to the server. The server also includes a database connected to the script generator for storing the script program and the responses to the queries.

15 The apparatus has a communication device, such as a modem, for receiving the script program from the server and for transmitting the responses to the server. The apparatus also has a user interface for communicating the queries to the individual and for
20 receiving the responses to the queries. In the preferred embodiment, the user interface includes a display for displaying the queries and user input buttons for entering the responses to the queries. In an alternative embodiment, the user interface includes a speech synthesizer for audibly communicating the
25 queries and a speech recognizer for receiving spoken responses to the queries.

The apparatus also includes a memory for storing the script program and the responses to the queries. The apparatus further
30 includes a microprocessor connected to the communication device, the user interface, and the memory. The microprocessor executes the script program to communicate the queries to the individual, to receive the responses to the queries, and to transmit the responses to the server through the communication network.

35 In the preferred embodiment, the system also includes at least one monitoring device for producing measurements of a physiological condition of the individual and for transmitting the measurements to the apparatus. The apparatus further includes a device
40 interface connected to the microprocessor for receiving the

measurements from the monitoring device. The measurements are stored in the memory and transmitted to the server with the responses to the queries. The server also preferably includes a report generator connected to the database for generating a report of the measurements and responses. The report is displayed on the remote interface.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- 10 FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a networked system according to a preferred embodiment of the invention.
- FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the interaction of the components of the system of FIG. 1.
- FIG. 3 is a perspective view of a remotely programmable apparatus of the system of FIG. 1.
- 15 FIG. 4 is a block diagram illustrating the components of the apparatus of FIG. 3.
- FIG. 5 is a script entry screen according to the preferred embodiment of the invention.
- 20 FIG. 6A is a listing of a sample script program according to the preferred embodiment of the invention.
- FIG. 6B is a continuation of the listing of FIG. 6A.
- FIG. 7 is a script assignment screen according to the preferred embodiment of the invention.
- 25 FIG. 8 is a sample query appearing on a display of the apparatus of FIG. 3.
- FIG. 9 is a sample prompt appearing on the display of the apparatus of FIG. 3.
- FIG. 10 is a sample report displayed on a workstation of the system of FIG. 1.
- 30 FIG. 11A is a flow chart illustrating the steps included in a monitoring application executed by the server of FIG. 1 according to the preferred embodiment of the invention.
- FIG. 11B is a continuation of the flow chart of FIG. 11A.
- 35 FIG. 12A is a flow chart illustrating the steps included in the script program of FIGS. 6A - 6B.
- FIG. 12B is a continuation of the flow chart of FIG. 12A.
- FIG. 13 is a perspective view of a remotely programmable apparatus according to a second embodiment of the invention.
- 40

- FIG. 14 is a sample prompt appearing on a display of the apparatus of FIG. 13.
- FIG. 15 is a block diagram illustrating the components of the apparatus of FIG. 13.
- 5 FIG. 16 is a schematic block diagram illustrating the interaction of the server of FIG. 1 with the apparatus of FIG. 3 according to a third embodiment of the invention.
- FIG. 17 is a first sample message appearing on the display of the apparatus of FIG. 3.
- 10 FIG. 18 is a second sample message appearing on the display of the apparatus of FIG. 3.
- FIG. 19 is a script entry screen according to the third embodiment of the invention.
- 15

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The invention presents a system and method for remotely monitoring individuals and for communicating information to the individuals.

20 In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the individuals are patients and the system is used to collect data relating to the health status of the patients. However, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited to remote patient monitoring. The system and method of the invention may be used for any type of

25 remote monitoring application. The invention may also be implemented as an automated messaging system for communicating information to individuals, as will be discussed in an alternative embodiment below.

30 A preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGS. 1 - 12. Referring to FIG. 1, a networked system 16 includes a server 18 and a workstation 20 connected to server 18 through a communication network 24. Server 18 is preferably a world wide web server and communication network 24 is preferably the

35 Internet. It will be apparent to one skilled in the art that server 18 may comprise a single stand-alone computer or multiple computers distributed throughout a network. Workstation 20 is preferably a personal computer, remote terminal, web TV unit, Palm Pilot unit, interactive voice response system, or any other

40 communication technique connected to server 18 via the Internet.

Workstation 20 functions as a remote interface for entering in server 18 messages and queries to be communicated to the patients.

System 16 also includes first and second remotely programmable apparatuses 26 and 32 for monitoring first and second patients, respectively. Each apparatus is designed to interact with a patient in accordance with script programs received from server 18. Each apparatus is in communication with server 18 through communication network 24, preferably the Internet. Alternatively, each apparatus may be placed in communication with server 18 via wireless communication networks, cellular networks, telephone networks, or any other network which allows each apparatus to exchange data with server 18. For clarity of illustration, only two apparatuses are shown in FIG. 1. It is to be understood that system 16 may include any number of apparatuses for monitoring any number of patients.

In the preferred embodiment, each patient to be monitored is also provided with a monitoring device 28. Monitoring device 28 is designed to produce measurements of a physiological condition of the patient, record the measurements, and transmit the measurements to the patient's remote apparatus (e.g. 26, 32) through a standard connection cable 30. The standard connection cable 30 could also be replaced by any other communication means. Examples of suitable monitoring devices include blood glucose meters, respiratory flow meters, blood pressure cuffs, electronic weight scales, and pulse rate monitors. Such monitoring devices are well known in the art. The specific type of monitoring device provided to each patient is dependent upon the patient's disease. For example, diabetes patients are provided with a blood glucose meters for measuring blood glucose concentrations, asthma patients are provided with respiratory flow meters for measuring peak flow rates, obesity patients are provided with weight scales, etc.

FIG. 2 shows server 18, workstation 20, and apparatus 26 in greater detail. Server 18 includes a database 38 for storing script programs 40. The script programs are executed by each apparatus to communicate queries and messages to a patient, receive responses 42 to the queries, collect monitoring device measurements 44, and transmit responses 42 and measurements 44 to

server 18. Database 38 is designed to store the responses 42 and measurements 44. Database 38 further includes a look-up table 46. Table 46 contains a list of the patients to be monitored, and for each patient, a unique patient identification code and a
5 respective pointer to the script program assigned to the patient. Each remote apparatus is designed to execute assigned script programs which it receives from server 18.

FIGS. 3 - 4 show the structure of each apparatus according to the
10 preferred embodiment. For clarity, only apparatus 26 is shown since each apparatus of the preferred embodiment has substantially identical structure to apparatus 26. Referring to FIG. 3, apparatus 26 includes a housing 62. Housing 62 is sufficiently compact to enable apparatus 26 to be hand-held and carried by a
15 patient. Apparatus 26 also includes a display 64 for displaying queries and prompts to the patient. In the preferred embodiment, display 64 is a liquid crystal display (LCD).

Four user input buttons 70A, 70B, 70C, and 70D are located
20 adjacent display 64. The user input buttons are for entering in apparatus 26 responses to the queries and prompts. In the preferred embodiment, the user input buttons are momentary contact push buttons. In alternative embodiments, the user input buttons may be replaced by switches, keys, a touch sensitive display
25 screen, or any other data input device.

Three monitoring device jacks 68A, 68B, and 68C are located on a surface of housing 62. The device jacks are for connecting
30 apparatus 26 to a number of monitoring devices, such as blood glucose meters, respiratory flow meters, or blood pressure cuffs, through respective connection cables (not shown). Apparatus 26 also includes a modem jack 66 for connecting apparatus 26 to a telephone jack through a standard connection cord (not shown). Apparatus 26 further includes a visual indicator for visually
35 notifying the patient that he or she has unanswered queries stored in apparatus 26. In the preferred embodiment, the visual indicator is a light emitting diode (LED) 74. Other well known means can also be used for signaling the patient. The output element can also include a bell or other sound element, or a bright light or a

flag, so as to alert the patient that the client device has questions or information for the patient.

FIG. 4 is a schematic block diagram illustrating the components of apparatus 26 in greater detail. Apparatus 26 includes a microprocessor 76 and a memory 80 connected to microprocessor 76. Memory 80 is preferably a non-volatile memory, such as a serial EEPROM. Memory 80 stores script programs received from the server, measurements received from monitoring device 28, responses to queries, and the patient's unique identification code. Microprocessor 76 also includes built-in read only memory (ROM) which stores firmware for controlling the operation of apparatus 26. The firmware includes a script interpreter used by microprocessor 76 to execute the script programs. The script interpreter interprets script commands which are executed by microprocessor 76. Specific techniques for interpreting and executing script commands in this manner are well known in the art.

Microprocessor 76 is preferably connected to memory 80 using a standard two-wire I²C interface. Microprocessor 76 is also connected to user input buttons 70A-D, LED 74, a clock 84, and a display driver 82. Clock 84 indicates the current date and time to microprocessor 76. For clarity of illustration, clock 84 is shown as a separate component, but is preferably built into microprocessor 76. Display driver 82 operates under the control of microprocessor 76 to display information on display 64. Microprocessor 76 is preferably a PIC 16C65 processor which includes a universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART) 78. UART 78 is for communicating with a modem 86 and a device interface 90. A CMOS switch 88 under the control of microprocessor 76 alternately connects modem 86 and interface 90 to UART 78.

Modem 86 is connected to a telephone jack 22 through modem jack 66. Modem 86 is for exchanging data with server 18 through communication network 24. The data includes script programs which are received from the server as well as responses to queries, device measurements, script identification codes, and the patient's unique identification code which modem 86 transmits to

the server. Modem 86 is preferably a complete 28.8 K modem (commercially available from Cermetek Microelectronics, Inc., Sunnyvale, CA), although any suitable modem may be used.

- 5 Device interface 90 is connected to device jacks 68A, 68B, and 68C. Device interface 90 is for interfacing with a number of monitoring devices, such as blood glucose meters, respiratory flow meters, blood pressure cuffs, weight scales, or pulse rate monitors, through device jacks 68A, 68B, and 68C. Device
10 interface 90 operates under the control of microprocessor 76 to collect measurements from monitoring devices 28, and to output the measurements to microprocessor 76 for storage in memory 80. In the preferred embodiment, interface 90 is a standard RS232 interface. For simplicity of illustration, only one device
15 interface is shown in FIG. 4. However, in alternative embodiments, apparatus 26 may include multiple device interfaces to accommodate monitoring devices which have different connection standards.
- 20 Referring again to FIG. 2, server 18 includes a monitoring application 48. Monitoring application 48 is a controlling software application executed by server 18 to perform the various functions described below. Application 48 includes a script generator 50, a script assignor 52, and a report generator 54.
- 25 Script generator 50 is designed to generate script programs 40 from script information entered through workstation 20. The script information is entered through a script entry screen 56. In the preferred embodiment, script entry screen 56 is implemented as a web page on server 18. Workstation 20 includes a web browser
30 for accessing the web page to enter the script information.

FIG. 5 illustrates script entry screen 56 as it appears on workstation 20. Screen 56 includes a script name field 92 for specifying the name of a script program to be generated. Screen
35 56 also includes entry fields 94 for entering a set of queries to be answered by a patient. Each entry field 94 has corresponding response choice fields 96 for entering response choices for the query. Screen 56 further includes check boxes 98 for selecting a desired monitoring device from which to collect measurements, such

as a blood glucose meter, respiratory flow meter, or blood pressure cuff.

- Screen 56 additionally includes a connection time field 100 for specifying a prescribed connection time at which each apparatus executing the script is to establish a subsequent communication link to the server. The connection time is preferably selected to be the time at which communication rates are the lowest, such as 3:00 AM. Screen 56 also includes a CREATE SCRIPT button 102 for instructing the script generator to generate a script program from the information entered in screen 56. Screen 56 further includes a CANCEL button 104 for canceling the information entered in screen 56.
- In the preferred embodiment, each script program created by the script generator conforms to the standard file format used on UNIX systems. In the standard file format, each command is listed in the upper case and followed by a colon. Every line in the script program is terminated by a linefeed character {LF}, and only one command is placed on each line. The last character in the script program is a UNIX end of file character {EOF}. Table 1 shows an exemplary listing of script commands used in the preferred embodiment of the invention.

TABLE 1 - SCRIPT COMMANDS

Command	Description
CLS: {LF}	Clear the display.
ZAP: {LF}	Erase from memory the last set of query responses recorded.
LED: b{LF}	Turn the LED on or off, where b is a binary digit of 0 or 1. An argument of 1 turns on the LED, and an argument of 0 turns off the LED.
DISPLAY: {chars}{LF}	Display the text following the DISPLAY command.
INPUT: mmmm{LF}	Record a button press. The m's represent a button mask pattern for each of the four input buttons. Each m contains an "X" for disallowed buttons or an "O" for allowed buttons. For example, INPUT: OXOX{LF} allows the user to press either button #1 or #3.
WAIT: {LF}	Wait for any one button to be pressed, then continue executing the script program.

COLLECT: device{LF}	Collect measurements from the monitoring device specified in the COLLECT command. The user is preferably prompted to connect the specified monitoring device to the apparatus and press a button to continue.
NUMBER: aaaa{LF}	Assign a script identification code to the script program. The script identification code from the most recently executed NUMBER statement is subsequently transmitted to the server along with the query responses and device measurements. The script identification code identifies to the server which script program was most recently executed by the remote apparatus.
DELAY: t {LF}	Wait until time t specified in the DELAY command, usually the prescribed connection time.
CONNECT: {LF}	Perform a connection routine to establish a communication link to the server, transmit the patient identification code, query responses, device measurements, and script identification code to the server, and receive and store a new script program. When the server instructs the apparatus to disconnect, the script interpreter is restarted, allowing the new script program to execute.

The script commands illustrated in Table 1 are representative of the preferred embodiment and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention. After consideration of the ensuing description,
5 it will be apparent to one skilled in the art many other suitable scripting languages and sets of script commands may be used to implement the invention.

Script generator 50 preferably stores a script program template
10 which it uses to create each script program. To generate a script program, script generator 50 inserts into the template the script information entered in screen 56. For example, FIGS. 6A - 6B illustrate a sample script program created by script generator 50 from the script information shown in FIG. 5.

15 The script program includes display commands to display the queries and response choices entered in fields 94 and 96, respectively. The script program also includes input commands to receive responses to the queries. The script program further
20 includes a collect command to collect device measurements from the monitoring device specified in check boxes 98. The script program

also includes commands to establish a subsequent communication link to the server at the connection time specified in field 100. The steps included in the script program are also shown in the flow chart of FIGS. 12A - 12B and will be discussed in the operation section below.

Referring again to FIG. 2, script assignor 52 is for assigning script programs 40 to the patients. Script programs 40 are assigned in accordance with script assignment information entered through workstation 20. The script assignment information is entered through a script assignment screen 57, which is preferably implemented as a web page on server 18.

FIG. 7 illustrates a sample script assignment screen 57 as it appears on workstation 20. Screen 57 includes check boxes 106 for selecting a script program to be assigned and check boxes 108 for selecting the patients to whom the script program is to be assigned. Screen 57 also includes an ASSIGN SCRIPT button 112 for entering the assignments. When button 112 is pressed, the script assignor creates and stores for each patient selected in check boxes 108 a respective pointer to the script program selected in check boxes 106. Each pointer is stored in patient look-up table 46 of database 38. Screen 57 further includes an ADD SCRIPT button 110 for accessing the script entry screen and a DELETE SCRIPT button 114 for deleting a script program.

Referring again to FIG. 2, report generator 54 is designed to generate a patient report 58 from the responses and device measurements received in server 18. Patient report 58 is displayed on workstation 20. FIG. 10 shows a sample patient report 58 produced by report generator 54 for a selected patient. Patient report 58 includes a graph 116 of the device measurements received from the patient, as well as a listing of responses 42 received from the patient. Specific techniques for writing a report generator program to display data in this manner are well known in the art.

The operation of the preferred embodiment is illustrated in FIGS. 1 - 12. FIG. 11A is a flow chart illustrating steps included in the monitoring application executed by server 18. FIG. 11B is a

continuation of the flow chart of FIG. 11A. In step 202, server 18 determines if new script information has been entered through script entry screen 56. If new script information has not been entered, server 18 proceeds to step 206. If new script
5 information has been entered, server 18 proceeds to step 204.

As shown in FIG. 5, the script information includes a set of queries, and for each of the queries, corresponding response choices. The script information also includes a selected
10 monitoring device type from which to collect device measurements. The script information further includes a prescribed connection time for each apparatus to establish a subsequent communication link to the server. The script information is generally entered in server 18 by a healthcare provider, such as the patients'
15 physician or case manager. Of course, any person desiring to communicate with the patients may also be granted access to server 18 to create and assign script programs. Further, it is to be understood that the system may include any number of remote interfaces for entering script generation and script assignment
20 information in server 18.

In step 204, script generator 50 generates a script program from the information entered in screen 56. The script program is stored in database 38. Steps 202 and 204 are preferably repeated
25 to generate multiple script programs, e.g. a script program for diabetes patients, a script program for asthma patients, etc. Each script program corresponds to a respective one of the sets of queries entered through script entry screen 56. Following step 204, server 18 proceeds to step 206.

30 In step 206, server 18 determines if new script assignment information has been entered through assignment screen 57. If new script assignment information has not been entered, server 18 proceeds to step 210. If new script assignment information has
35 been entered, server 18 proceeds to step 208. As shown in FIG. 7, the script programs are assigned to each patient by selecting a script program through check boxes 106, selecting the patients to whom the selected script program is to be assigned through check boxes 108, and pressing the ASSIGN SCRIPT button 112. When
40 button 112 is pressed, script assignor 52 creates for each patient

selected in check boxes 108 a respective pointer to the script program selected in check boxes 106. In step 208, each pointer is stored in look-up table 46 of database 38. Following step 208, server 18 proceeds to step 210.

5

In step 210, server 18 determines if any of the apparatuses are remotely connected to server 18. Each patient to be monitored is preferably provided with his or her own apparatus which has the patient's unique identification code stored therein. Each patient is thus uniquely associated with a respective one of the apparatuses. If none of the apparatuses is connected, server 18 proceeds to step 220.

If an apparatus is connected, server 18 receives from the apparatus the patient's unique identification code in step 212. In step 214, server 18 receives from the apparatus the query responses 42, device measurements 44, and script identification code recorded during execution of a previously assigned script program. The script identification code identifies to server 18 which script program was executed by apparatus 26 to record the query responses and device measurements. The responses, device measurements, and script identification code are stored in database 38.

In step 216, server 18 uses the patient identification code to retrieve from table 46 the pointer to the script program assigned to the patient. The server then retrieves the assigned script program from database 38. In step 218, server 18 transmits the assigned script program to the patient's apparatus through communication network 24. Following step 218, server 18 proceeds to step 220.

In step 220, server 18 determines if a patient report request has been received from workstation 20. If no report request has been received, server 18 returns to step 202. If a report request has been received for a selected patient, server 18 retrieves from database 38 the measurements and query responses last received from the patient, step 222. In step 224, server 18 generates and displays patient report 58 on workstation 20. As shown in FIG. 10, report 58 includes the device measurements and query responses

last received from the patient. Following step 224, the server returns to step 202.

FIGS. 12A - 12B illustrate the steps included in the script program executed by apparatus 26. Before the script program is received, apparatus 26 is initially programmed with the patient's unique identification code and the script interpreter used by microprocessor 76 to execute the script program. The initial programming may be achieved during manufacture or during an initial connection to server 18. Following initial programming, apparatus 26 receives from server 18 the script program assigned to the patient associated with apparatus 26. The script program is received by modem 86 through a first communication link and stored in memory 80.

In step 302, microprocessor 76 assigns a script identification code to the script program and stores the script identification code in memory 80. The script identification code is subsequently transmitted to the server along with the query responses and device measurements to identify to the server which script program was most recently executed by the apparatus. In step 304, microprocessor 76 lights LED 74 to notify the patient that he or she has unanswered queries stored in apparatus 26. LED 74 preferably remains lit until the queries are answered by the patient. In step 306, microprocessor 76 erases from memory 80 the last set of query responses recorded.

In step 308, microprocessor 76 prompts the patient by displaying on display 64 "ANSWER QUERIES NOW? PRESS ANY BUTTON TO START". In step 310, microprocessor 76 waits until a reply to the prompt is received from the patient. When a reply is received, microprocessor 76 proceeds to step 312. In step 312, microprocessor 76 executes successive display and input commands to display the queries and response choices on display 64 and to receive responses to the queries.

FIG. 8 illustrates a sample query and its corresponding response choices as they appear on display 64. The response choices are positioned on display 64 such that each response choice is located proximate a respective one of input buttons 70A, 70B, 70C, 70D.

In the preferred embodiment, each response choice is displayed immediately above a respective input button 70A-D. The patient presses the button corresponding to his or her response. Microprocessor 76 stores each response in memory 80.

- 5
- In steps 314 - 318, microprocessor 76 executes commands to collect device measurements from a selected monitoring device. The script program specifies the selected monitoring device from which to collect the measurements. In step 314, microprocessor 76 prompts the patient to connect the selected monitoring device, for example a blood glucose meter, to one of the device jacks. A sample prompt is shown in FIG. 9. In step 316, microprocessor 76 waits until a reply to the prompt is received from the patient. When a reply is received, microprocessor 76 proceeds to step 318. Microprocessor 76 also connects UART 78 to interface 90 through switch 88. In step 318, microprocessor 76 collects the device measurements from monitoring device 28 through interface 90. The measurements are stored in memory 80.
- 10
- 20 In step 320, microprocessor 76 prompts the patient to connect apparatus 26 to telephone jack 22 so that apparatus 26 may connect to server 18 at the prescribed connection time. In step 322, microprocessor 76 waits until a reply to the prompt is received from the patient. When a reply is received,
- 25 microprocessor 76 turns off LED 74 in step 324. In step 326, microprocessor 76 waits until it is time to connect to server 18. Microprocessor 76 compares the connection time specified in the script program to the current time output by clock 84. When it is time to connect, microprocessor 76 connects UART 78 to modem 86 through switch 88.
- 30

In step 328, microprocessor 76 establishes a subsequent communication link between apparatus 26 and server 18 through modem 86 and communication network 24. If the connection fails for any reason, microprocessor 76 repeats step 328 to get a successful connection. In step 330, microprocessor 76 transmits the device measurements, query responses, script identification code, and patient identification code stored in memory 80 to server 18 through the subsequent communication link. In step 332, microprocessor 76 receives through modem 86 a new script program

35

40

from server 18. The new script program is stored in memory 80 for subsequent execution by microprocessor 76. Following step 332, the script program ends.

5 One advantage of the monitoring system of the present invention is that it allows each patient to select a convenient time to respond to the queries, so that the monitoring system is not intrusive to the patient's schedule. A second advantage of the monitoring system is that it incurs very low communications charges because
10 each remote apparatus connects to server 18 at times when communication rates are lowest. Moreover, the cost to manufacture each remote apparatus is very low compared to personal computers or internet terminals, so that the monitoring system is highly affordable.

15 A third advantage of the monitoring system is that it allows each apparatus to be programmed remotely through script programs. Patient surveys, connection times, display prompts, selected monitoring devices, patient customization, and other operational
20 details of each apparatus may be easily changed by transmitting a new script program to the apparatus. Moreover, each script program may be easily created and assigned by remotely accessing the server through the Internet. Thus, the invention provides a powerful, convenient, and inexpensive system for remotely
25 monitoring a large number of patients.

FIGS. 13 - 15 illustrate a second embodiment of the invention in which each remotely programmable apparatus has speech recognition and speech synthesis functionality. FIG. 13 shows a perspective
30 view of an apparatus 27 according to the second embodiment. Apparatus 27 includes a speaker 72 for audibly communicating queries and prompts to the patient. Apparatus 27 also includes a microphone 118 for receiving spoken responses to the queries and prompts. Apparatus 27 may optionally include a display 64 for
35 displaying prompts to the patient, as shown in FIG. 14.

FIG. 15 is a schematic block diagram illustrating the components of apparatus 27 in greater detail. Apparatus 27 is similar in design to the apparatus of the preferred embodiment except that
40 apparatus 27 includes an audio processor chip 120 in place of

microprocessor 76. Audio processor chip 120 is preferably an RSC-164 chip commercially available from Sensory Circuits Inc. of 1735 N. First Street, San Jose, California 95112.

5 Audio processor chip 120 has a microcontroller 122 for executing script programs received from the server. A memory 80 is connected to microcontroller 122. Memory 80 stores the script programs and a script interpreter used by microcontroller 122 to execute the script programs. Memory 80 also stores measurements
10 received from monitoring device 28, responses to the queries, script identification codes, and the patient's unique identification code.

Audio processor chip 120 also has built in speech synthesis
15 functionality for synthesizing queries and prompts to a patient through speaker 72. For speech synthesis, chip 120 includes a digital to analog converter (DAC) 142 and an amplifier 144. DAC 142 and amplifier 144 drive speaker 72 under the control of microcontroller 122.

20 Audio processor chip 120 further has built in speech recognition functionality for recognizing responses spoken into microphone 118. Audio signals received through microphone 118 are converted to electrical signals and sent to a preamp and gain control
25 circuit 128. Preamp and gain control circuit 128 is controlled by an automatic gain control circuit 136, which is in turn controlled by microcontroller 122. After being amplified by preamp 128, the electrical signals enter chip 120 and pass through a multiplexer 130 and an analog to digital converter (ADC)
30 132. The resulting digital signals pass through a digital logic circuit 134 and enter microcontroller 122 for speech recognition.

Audio processor chip 120 also includes a RAM 138 for short term memory storage and a ROM 140 which stores programs executed by
35 microcontroller 122 to perform speech recognition and speech synthesis. Chip 120 operates at a clock speed determined by a crystal 126. Chip 120 also includes a clock 84 which provides the current date and time to microcontroller 122. As in the preferred embodiment, apparatus 27 includes an LED 74, display

driver 82, modem 86, and device interface 90, all of which are connected to microcontroller 122.

5 The operation of the second embodiment is similar to the operation of the preferred embodiment except that queries, response choices, and prompts are audibly communicated to the patient through speaker 72 rather than being displayed to the patient on display 64. The operation of the second embodiment also differs from the operation of the preferred embodiment in that responses to the queries and prompts are received through microphone 118 rather than through user input buttons.

10 The script programs of the second embodiment are similar to the script program shown in FIGS. 6A - 6B, except that each display command is replaced by a speech synthesis command and each input command is replaced by a speech recognition command. The speech synthesis commands are executed by microcontroller 122 to synthesize the queries, response choices, and prompts through speaker 72. The speech recognition commands are executed by microcontroller 122 to recognize responses spoken into microphone 118.

15 For example, to ask the patient how he or she feels and record a response, microcontroller 122 first executes a speech synthesis command to synthesize through speaker 72 "How do you feel? Please answer with one of the following responses: very bad, bad, good, or very good." Next, microcontroller 118 executes a speech recognition command to recognize the response spoken into microphone 118. The recognized response is stored in memory 80 and subsequently transmitted to server 18. Other than the differences described, the operation and advantages of the second embodiment are the same as the operation and advantages of the preferred embodiment described above.

20 Although the first and second embodiments focus on querying individuals and collecting responses to the queries, the system of the invention is not limited to querying applications. The system may also be used simply to communicate messages to the individuals. FIGS. 16 - 19 illustrate a third embodiment in which the system is used to perform this automated messaging function.

In the third embodiment, each script program contains a set of statements to be communicated to an individual rather than a set of queries to be answered by the individual. Of course, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that the script programs may optionally include both queries and statements.

The third embodiment also shows how the queries and statements may be customized to each individual by merging personal data with the script programs, much like a standard mail merge application.

Referring to FIG. 16, personal data relating to each individual is preferably stored in look-up table 46 of database 38. By way of example, the data may include each individual's name, the name of each individual's physician, test results, appointment dates, or any other desired data. As in the preferred embodiment, database 38 also stores generic script programs 40 created by script generator 50.

Server 18 includes a data merge program 55 for merging the data stored in table 46 with generic script programs 40. Data merge program 55 is designed to retrieve selected data from table 46 and to insert the data into statements in generic script programs 40, thus creating custom script programs 41. Each custom script program 41 contains statements which are customized to an individual. For example, the statements may be customized with the individual's name, test results, etc. Examples of such customized statements are shown in FIGS. 17 - 18.

The operation of the third embodiment is similar to the operation of the preferred embodiment except that the script programs are used to communicate messages to the individuals rather than to query the individuals. Each message is preferably a set of statements. Referring to FIG. 19, the statements may be entered in the server through script entry screen 56, just like the queries of the preferred embodiment.

Each statement preferably includes one or more insert commands specifying data from table 46 to be inserted into the statement. The insert commands instruct data merge program 55 to retrieve the specified data from database 38 and to insert the data into the statement. For example, the insert commands shown in FIG. 19

instruct the data merge program to insert a physician name, an appointment date, a patient name, and a test result into the statements. As in the preferred embodiment, each statement may also include one or more response choices which are entered in
5 fields 96.

Following entry of the statements and response choices, CREATE SCRIPT button 102 is pressed. When button 102 is pressed, script generator 50 generates a generic script program from the
10 information entered in screen 56. The generic script program is similar to the script program shown in FIGS. 6A - 6B, except that the display commands specify statements to be displayed rather than queries. Further, the statements include insert commands specifying data to be inserted into the script program. As in the
15 preferred embodiment, multiple script programs are preferably generated, e.g. a generic script program for diabetes patients, a generic script program for asthma patients, etc. The generic script programs are stored in database 38.

20 Following generation of the generic script programs, server 18 receives script assignment information entered through script assignment screen 57. As shown in FIG. 7, the script programs are assigned by first selecting one of the generic script programs through check boxes 106, selecting individuals through check boxes
25 108, and pressing the ASSIGN SCRIPT button 112. When button 112 is pressed, data merge program 55 creates a custom script program for each individual selected in check boxes 108.

Each custom script program is preferably created by using the
30 selected generic script program as a template. For each individual selected, data merge program 55 retrieves from database 38 the data specified in the insert commands. Next, data merge program 55 inserts the data into the appropriate statements in the generic script program to create a custom script program for the
35 individual. Each custom script program is stored in database 38.

As each custom script program is generated for an individual, script assignor 52 assigns the script program to the individual. This is preferably accomplished by creating a pointer to the
40 custom script program and storing the pointer with the

individual's unique identification code in table 46. When the individual's remote apparatus connects to server 18, server 18 receives from the apparatus the individual's unique identification code. Server 18 uses the unique identification code to retrieve from table 46 the pointer to the custom script program assigned to the individual. Next, server 18 retrieves the assigned script program from database 38 and transmits the script program to the individual's apparatus through communication network 24.

10 The apparatus receives and executes the script program. The execution of the script program is similar to the execution described in the preferred embodiment, except that statements are displayed to the individual rather than queries. FIGS. 17 - 18 illustrate two sample statements as they appear on display 64.

15 Each statement includes a response choice, preferably an acknowledgment such as "OK". After reading a statement, the individual presses the button corresponding to the response choice to proceed to the next statement. Alternatively, the script program may specify a period of time that each statement is to be displayed before proceeding to the next statement. The remaining operation of the third embodiment is analogous to the operation of the preferred embodiment described above.

20 Although it is presently preferred to generate a custom script program for each individual as soon as script assignment information is received for the individual, it is also possible to wait until the individual's apparatus connects to the server before generating the custom script program. This is accomplished by creating and storing a pointer to the generic script program assigned to the individual, as previously described in the preferred embodiment. When the individual's apparatus connects to the server, data merge program 55 creates a custom script program for the individual from the generic script program assigned to the individual. The custom script program is then sent to the individual's apparatus for execution.

SUMMARY, RAMIFICATIONS, AND SCOPE

Although the above description contains many specificities, these should not be construed as limitations on the scope of the

invention but merely as illustrations of some of the presently preferred embodiments. Many other embodiments of the invention are possible. For example, the scripting language and script commands shown are representative of the preferred embodiment. It
5 will be apparent to one skilled in the art many other scripting languages and specific script commands may be used to implement the invention.

Moreover, the invention is not limited to the specific
10 applications described. The system and method of the invention have many other application both inside and outside the healthcare industry. For example, pharmaceutical manufacturers may apply the system in the clinical development and post marketing surveillance of new drugs, using the system as an interactive, on-line
15 monitoring tool for collecting data on the efficacy, side effects, and quality of life impact of the drugs. Compared to the current use of labor intensive patient interviews, the system provides a fast, flexible, and cost effective alternative for monitoring the use and effects of the drugs.

20 The system may also be used by home healthcare companies to enhance the service levels provided to customers, e.g. panic systems, sleep surveillance, specific monitoring of disease conditions, etc. Alternatively, the system may be used to monitor
25 and optimize the inventory of home stationed health supplies. As an example, the system may be connected to an appropriate measuring device to optimize timing of oxygen tank delivery to patients with COPD.

30 The system and method of the invention also have many applications outside the healthcare industry. For example, the system may be used for remote education over the Internet, facilitating educational communication with children or adult trainees who lack access to sophisticated and expensive computer equipment. The
35 system may also be used by law enforcement officers to perform on-line surveillance of individuals on probation or parole.

Further, the invention has numerous applications for gathering data from remotely located devices. For example, the system may
40 be used to collect data from smart appliances, such as

identification check systems. Alternatively, the system may be applied to the remote monitoring of facilities, including safety and security monitoring, or to environmental monitoring, including pollution control and pipeline monitoring. Many other suitable applications of the invention will be apparent to one skilled in the art.

Therefore, the scope of the invention should be determined not by the examples given, but by the appended claims and their legal equivalents.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A system for remotely monitoring an individual, the system
2 comprising:
3 a) a server;
4 b) a remote interface means for entering in the server a set
5 of queries to be answered by the individual; and
6 c) a remotely programmable apparatus for interacting with the
7 individual, the remotely programmable apparatus being in
8 communication with the server via a communication network;
9 wherein the server comprises:
10 i) a script generating means for generating a script program
11 from the set of queries, the script program being
12 executable by the remotely programmable apparatus to
13 communicate the queries to the individual, to receive
14 responses to the queries, and to transmit the responses
15 from the remotely programmable apparatus to the server; and
16 ii) a database means connected to the script generating means
17 for storing the script program and the responses to the
18 queries;
19 and wherein the remotely programmable apparatus comprises:
20 i) a communication means for receiving the script program
21 from the server and for transmitting the responses to the
22 server;
23 ii) a user interface means for communicating the queries to
24 the individual and for receiving the responses to the
25 queries;
26 iii) a memory means for storing the script program and the
27 responses to the queries; and
28 iv) a processor means connected to the communication means,
29 the user interface means, and the memory means for
30 executing the script program to communicate the queries
31 to the individual, to receive the responses to the
32 queries, and to transmit the responses to the server.
33
- 1 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the server comprises a web
2 server having a web page for entry of the queries, and wherein

3 the remote interface means is connected to the web server via
4 the Internet.

5
1 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the user interface means
2 comprises a display for displaying the queries and user input
3 buttons for entering the responses.

4
1 4. The system of claim 1, wherein the user interface means
2 includes a speech synthesis means for audibly communicating
3 the queries to the individual and a speech recognition means
4 for receiving spoken responses to the queries.

5
1 5. The system of claim 1, further comprising at least one
2 monitoring device for producing measurements of a
3 physiological condition of the individual and for transmitting
4 the measurements to the apparatus, wherein the apparatus
5 further includes device interface means connected to the
6 processor means for receiving the measurements from the
7 monitoring device, the memory means includes means for storing
8 the measurements, and the communication means includes means
9 for transmitting the measurements to the server.

10
1 6. The system of claim 5, wherein the device interface means
2 includes means for interfacing with a plurality of monitoring
3 devices, the script program specifying a selected monitoring
4 device from which to collect the measurements; and wherein the
5 server further comprises report means for displaying the
6 responses and the measurements on the remote interface means.

7
1 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the communication means
2 includes means for establishing a first communication link to
3 the server to receive the script program and means for
4 establishing a subsequent communication link to the server to
5 transmit the responses, and wherein the script program
6 specifies a connection time at which to establish the
7 subsequent communication link.

8
1 8. The system of claim 1, wherein the apparatus further includes
2 notification means connected to the processor means for
3 notifying the individual that unanswered queries are stored in

4 the apparatus, wherein the notification means comprises a
5 light emitting diode or a display for displaying a prompt.
6

1 9. The system of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of
2 remotely programmable apparatuses in communication with the
3 server for remotely monitoring a corresponding plurality of
4 individuals, wherein the database means includes means for
5 storing a plurality of script programs, the remote interface
6 means includes means for entering script assignment
7 information, the server includes script assignment means
8 connected to the database means for assigning to each of the
9 plurality of individuals at least one of the plurality of
10 script programs in accordance with the script assignment
11 information, and the database means further includes means for
12 storing a list of the plurality of individuals, and for each
13 of the plurality of individuals, a respective pointer to the
14 at least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
15 each of the plurality of individuals.
16

1 10. A method for remotely monitoring an individual, the method
2 comprising the following steps:
3 a) providing the individual with an apparatus having:
4 i) a communication means for exchanging data with a
5 server through a communication network, wherein the
6 data includes a script program executable by the
7 apparatus to communicate queries to the individual,
8 to receive responses to the queries, and to transmit
9 the responses to the server;
10 ii) a memory means for storing the script program and the
11 responses to the queries;
12 iii) a user interface means for communicating the queries
13 to the individual and for receiving the responses to
14 the queries; and
15 iv) a processor means connected to the communication
16 means, the user interface means, and the memory means
17 for executing the script program;
18 b) entering in the server the queries to be answered by the
19 individual;
20 c) generating the script program from the queries;

- 21 d) transmitting the script program from the server to the
22 apparatus through the communication network;
23 e) executing the script program in the apparatus to
24 communicate the queries, to receive the responses, and to
25 transmit the responses to the server; and
26 f) receiving and storing the responses in the server.
27
- 1 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the server comprises a web
2 server having a web page for entry of the queries, and wherein
3 the queries are entered by accessing the web page through the
4 Internet and entering the queries in the web page.
5
- 1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the apparatus further
2 comprises a device interface connected to the processor means
3 for receiving from a monitoring device measurements of a
4 physiological condition of the individual, and wherein the
5 method further comprises the steps of:
6 g) collecting the measurements in the apparatus through the
7 device interface;
8 h) transmitting the measurements from the apparatus to the
9 server;
10 i) receiving and storing the measurements in the
11 server; and
12 j) reporting on a remote interface the responses and
13 measurements received in the server.
14
- 1 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the device interface includes
2 means for interfacing with a plurality of monitoring devices,
3 the script program specifies a selected monitoring device from
4 which to collect the measurements, and the method further
5 comprises the step of prompting the individual to connect the
6 selected monitoring device to the device interface.
7
- 1 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the script program is
2 transmitted from the server to the apparatus through a first
3 communication link, the responses to the queries are
4 transmitted from the apparatus to the server through a
5 subsequent communication link, and the script program
6 specifies a connection time at which to establish the
7 subsequent communication link.

- 8
- 1 15. The method of claim 10, further comprising the step of
2 notifying the individual when unanswered queries are stored in
3 the apparatus, wherein the apparatus further includes a light
4 emitting diode connected to the processor means or a display
5 connected to the processor means, and the step of notifying
6 the individual comprises lighting the light emitting diode or
7 displaying a prompt on the display.
8
- 1 16. The method of claim 10, wherein the user interface means
2 comprises a display and input buttons, and wherein the queries
3 are communicated through the display and the responses are
4 received through the input buttons.
5
- 1 17. The method of claim 10, wherein the queries are communicated
2 to the individual through a speech synthesizer, and the
3 responses to the queries are received through a speech
4 recognizer.
5
- 1 18. The method of claim 10, further comprising the steps of:
2 k) providing a plurality of individuals with a corresponding
3 plurality of apparatuses such that each of the individuals
4 is associated with a respective one of the plurality of
5 apparatuses;
6 l) entering in the server a plurality of sets of queries;
7 m) generating in the server a plurality of script programs
8 such that each of the plurality of script programs
9 corresponds to a respective one of the plurality of sets of
10 queries;
11 n) assigning to each of the plurality of individuals at least
12 one of the plurality of script programs;
13 o) storing in the server the plurality of script programs, a
14 list of the plurality of individuals, and for each of the
15 plurality of individuals, a respective pointer to the at
16 least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
17 each of the plurality of individuals; and
18 p) transmitting to each of the plurality of apparatuses the at
19 least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
20 each of the plurality of individuals associated with the
21 respective plurality of apparatuses.

22

- 1 19. A system for communicating information to an individual, the
2 system comprising:
3 a) a server;
4 b) a remote interface means connected to the server for
5 specifying a message to be communicated to the individual;
6 and
7 c) a remotely programmable apparatus for communicating the
8 message to the individual, the remotely programmable
9 apparatus being networked to the server via a communication
10 network; wherein the server includes a script generating
11 means for generating a script program executable by the
12 apparatus to communicate the message to the individual; and
13 wherein the apparatus comprises:
14 i) a communication means for receiving the script
15 program from the server;
16 ii) a memory means for storing the script program;
17 iii) a user interface means for communicating the message
18 to the individual; and
19 iv) a processor means connected to the communication
20 means, the user interface means, and the memory means
21 for executing the script program.

22

- 1 20. The system of claim 19, wherein the server further includes
2 database means connected to the script generating means for
3 storing data relating to the individual, and wherein the
4 script generating means includes means for inserting the data
5 into the script program to customize the message to the
6 individual.

7

- 1 21. The system of claim 19, wherein the server comprises a web
2 server, and wherein the remote interface means is connected to
3 the web server via the Internet.

4

- 1 22. The system of claim 19, wherein the user interface means
2 comprises a display for displaying the message to the
3 individual or a speech synthesis means for audibly
4 communicating the message to the individual.

5

- 1 23. The system of claim 19, wherein the communication means
2 includes means for establishing a first communication link to
3 the server to receive a first script program and means for
4 establishing a subsequent communication link to the server to
5 receive a new script program, and wherein the first script
6 program specifies a connection time at which to establish the
7 subsequent communication link.
8
- 1 24. The system of claim 19, wherein the apparatus further includes
2 notification means connected to the processor means for
3 notifying the individual that a message has been received, and
4 wherein the notification means comprises a light emitting
5 diode or a display for displaying a prompt.
6
- 1 25. The system of claim 19, further comprising a plurality of
2 remotely programmable apparatuses networked to the server for
3 communicating information to a corresponding plurality of
4 individuals, wherein the server includes database means for
5 storing a plurality of script programs, the remote interface
6 means includes means for entering in the server script
7 assignment information, the server includes script assignment
8 means connected to the database means for assigning to each of
9 the plurality of individuals at least one of the plurality of
10 script programs in accordance with the script assignment
11 information, and the database means further includes means for
12 storing a list of the plurality of individuals, and for each
13 of the plurality of individuals, a respective pointer to the
14 at least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
15 each of the plurality of individuals.
16
- 1 26. A method for communicating information to an individual,
2 comprising the steps of:
3 a) providing the individual with an apparatus having:
4 i) a communication means for exchanging data with a
5 server through a communication network, wherein the
6 data includes a script program executable by the
7 apparatus to communicate a message to the individual;
8 ii) a memory means for storing the script program;
9 iii) a user interface for communicating the message; and

- 10 iv) a processor means connected to the communication
11 means, the memory means; and the user interface for
12 executing the script program;
13 b) entering in the server the message to be communicated to
14 the individual;
15 c) generating the script program in the server;
16 d) transmitting the script program from the server to the
17 apparatus through the communication network; and
18 e) executing the script program in the apparatus to
19 communicate the message to the individual.
20

- 1 27. The method of claim 26, further comprising the steps of,
2 prior to said step d):
3 aa) storing in the server data relating to the individual;
4 and
5 bb) inserting the data into the script program to customize
6 the message to the individual.
7

- 1 28. The method of claim 26, wherein the server comprises a web
2 server having a web page for entry of the message, and wherein
3 the message is entered in the server by accessing the web page
4 through the Internet and entering the message in the web page.
5

- 1 29. The method of claim 26, wherein the script program is
2 transmitted from the server to the apparatus through a first
3 communication link, the script program specifies a connection
4 time at which the apparatus is to establish a subsequent
5 communication link to the server, and the method further
6 comprises the steps of establishing the subsequent
7 communication link at the specified connection time and
8 receiving a new script program in the apparatus through the
9 subsequent communication link.
10

- 1 30. The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of:
2 notifying the individual when a message has been received in
3 the apparatus, wherein the step of notifying the individual
4 comprises lighting a visual indicator or displaying a prompt
5 on a display.
6

1 31. The method of claim 26, wherein the step of communicating the
2 message to the individual comprises displaying the message on
3 a display or audibly synthesizing the message through a speech
4 synthesizer.
5

1 32. The method of claim 26, further comprising the steps of:
2 h) providing a plurality of individuals with a corresponding
3 plurality of apparatuses such that each of the plurality of
4 individuals is associated with a respective one of the
5 plurality of apparatuses;
6 i) generating in the server a plurality of script programs;
7 j) assigning to each of the plurality of individuals at least
8 one of the plurality of script programs;
9 k) storing in the server the plurality of script programs, a
10 list of the plurality of individuals, and for each of the
11 plurality of individuals, a respective pointer to the at
12 least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
13 each of the plurality of individuals; and
14 l) transmitting to each of the plurality of apparatuses the at
15 least one of the plurality of script programs assigned to
16 each of the plurality of individuals associated with the
17 respective plurality of apparatuses.
18

1/15

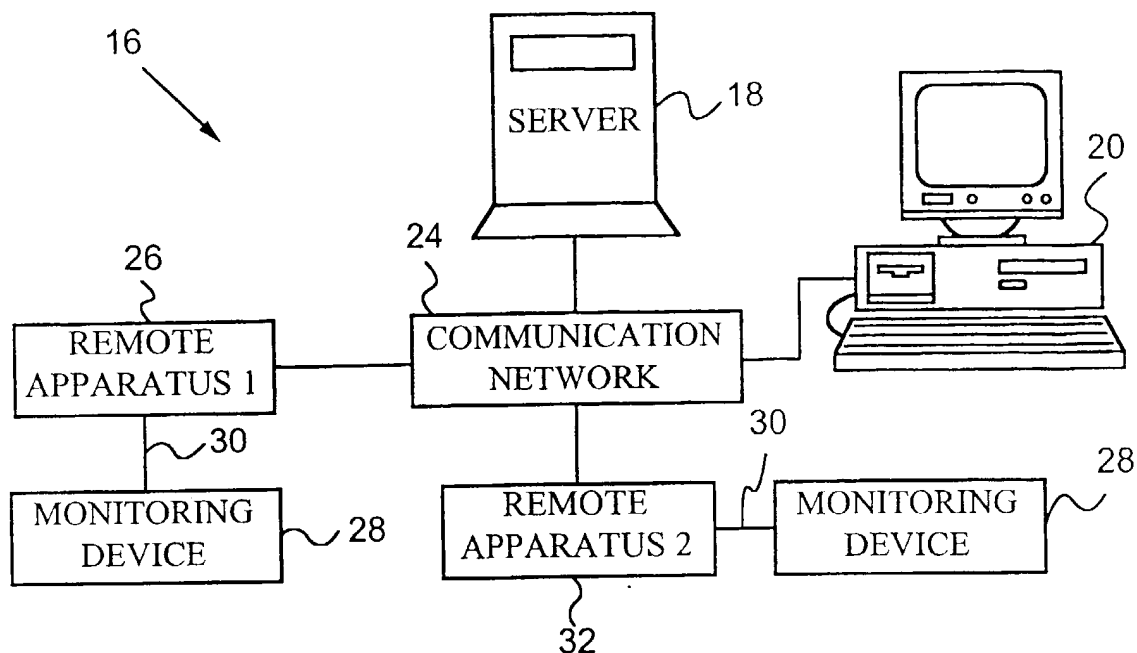


FIG. 1

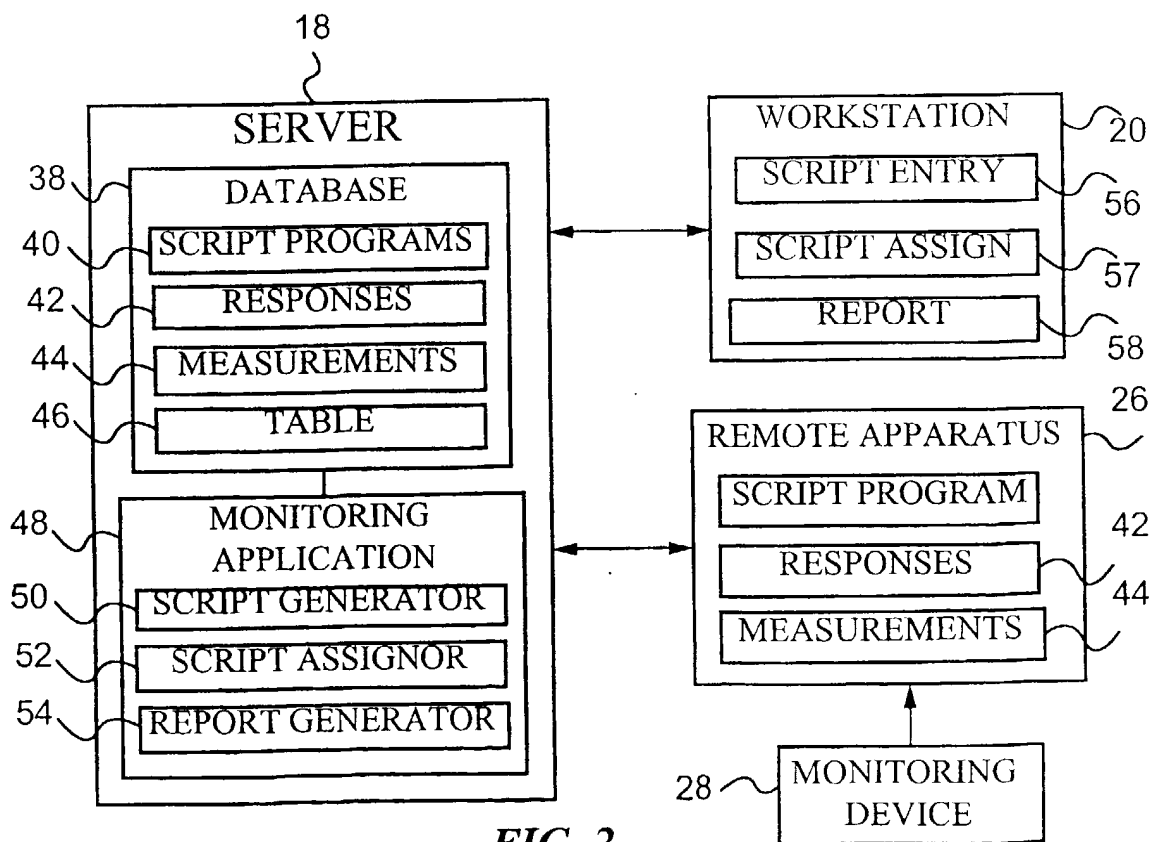


FIG. 2

2/15

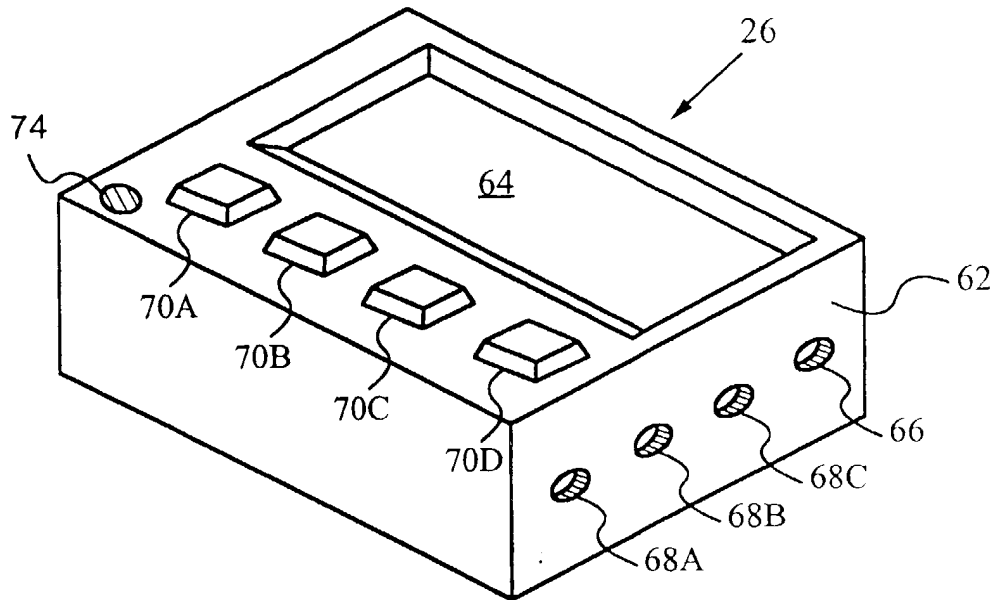


FIG. 3

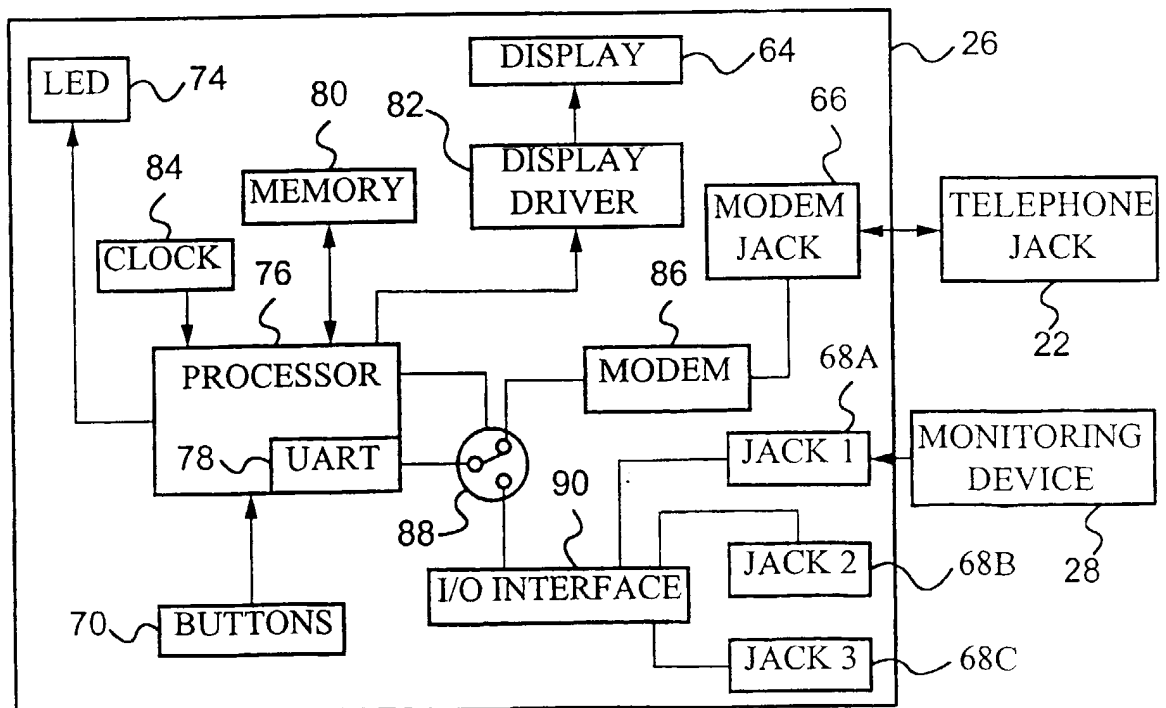


FIG. 4

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56

SCRIPT ENTRY SCREEN

SCRIPT NAME: 92

QUERIES

	CHOICE 1	CHOICE 2	CHOICE 3	CHOICE 4
HOW DO YOU FEEL?	VERY BAD	BAD	GOOD	VERY GOOD
HOW WELL ARE YOU MANAGING YOUR DISEASE?	VERY BADLY	BADLY	WELL	VERY WELL
HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO FOLLOW YOUR TREATMENT PLAN?	VERY HARD	HARD	EASY	VERY EASY
HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO CONTROL YOUR BLOOD SUGAR?	VERY HARD	HARD	EASY	VERY EASY

94

SELECT DEVICE TYPE(S)

98 ☒ GLUCOSE METER ☐ RESPIRATORY FLOW METER ☐ BP CUFF

CONNECTION TIME: 100 102 104

FIG. 5

4/15

NUMBER: 9001 {LF}

LED: 1 {LF}

ZAP: {LF}

CLS: {LF}

DISPLAY: ANSWER QUERIES NOW?

PRESS ANY BUTTON TO START {LF}

WAIT: {LF}

CLS: {LF}

DISPLAY: HOW DO YOU FEEL?

VERY

VERY

BAD BAD GOOD GOOD {LF}

INPUT: OOOO {LF}

CLS: {LF}

DISPLAY: HOW WELL ARE YOU

MANAGING YOUR DISEASE?

VERY

VERY

WELL BADLY WELL WELL {LF}

INPUT: OOOO {LF}

CLS: {LF}

DISPLAY: HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO

FOLLOW YOUR TREATMENT PLAN?

VERY

VERY

HARD HARD EASY EASY {LF}

INPUT: OOOO {LF}

CLS: {LF}

DISPLAY: HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO

CONTROL YOUR BLOOD SUGAR?

VERY

VERY

HARD HARD EASY EASY {LF}

FIG. 6A

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INPUT: OOOO {LF}
CLS: {LF}
DISPLAY: CONNECT GLUCOSE METER
AND PRESS ANY BUTTON
WHEN FINISHED {LF}
WAIT: {LF}
CLS: {LF}
DISPLAY: COLLECTING MEASUREMENTS {LF}
COLLECT: GLUCOSE_METER {LF}
CLS: {LF}
DISPLAY: CONNECT APPARATUS TO
TELEPHONE JACK AND
PRESS ANY BUTTON
WHEN FINISHED {LF}
WAIT: {LF}
LED: 0 {LF}
CLS: {LF}
DELAY: 03:00 {LF}
DISPLAY: CONNECTING TO SERVER {LF}
CONNECT: {LF}
{EOF}

FIG. 6B

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SCRIPT ASSIGNMENT SCREEN

106 AVAILABLE SCRIPTS: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>DIABETES SCRIPT 1</u> <input type="checkbox"/> <u>DIABETES SCRIPT 2</u> <input type="checkbox"/> <u>ASTHMA SCRIPT 1</u> 110 <input type="button" value="ADD SCRIPT"/>	PATIENTS: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>DAN LINDSEY</u> <input type="checkbox"/> <u>MARK SMITH</u> <input type="checkbox"/> <u>DEAN JONES</u> 112 <input type="button" value="ASSIGN SCRIPT"/>
--	---

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FIG. 7

26

HOW DO YOU FEEL?

VERY BAD	BAD	GOOD	VERY GOOD
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
70A	70B	70C	70D

64

FIG. 8

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**CONNECT GLUCOSE METER
AND PRESS ANY BUTTON
WHEN FINISHED**

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
70A	70B	70C	70D

64

FIG. 9

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PATIENT REPORT

PATIENT:

DATE OF MEASUREMENT:

42

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QUERY RESPONSES

HOW DO YOU FEEL?

HOW WELL ARE YOU
MANAGING YOUR DISEASE?

HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO
FOLLOW YOUR TREATMENT PLAN?

HOW HARD IS IT FOR YOU TO
CONTROL YOUR BLOOD SUGAR?

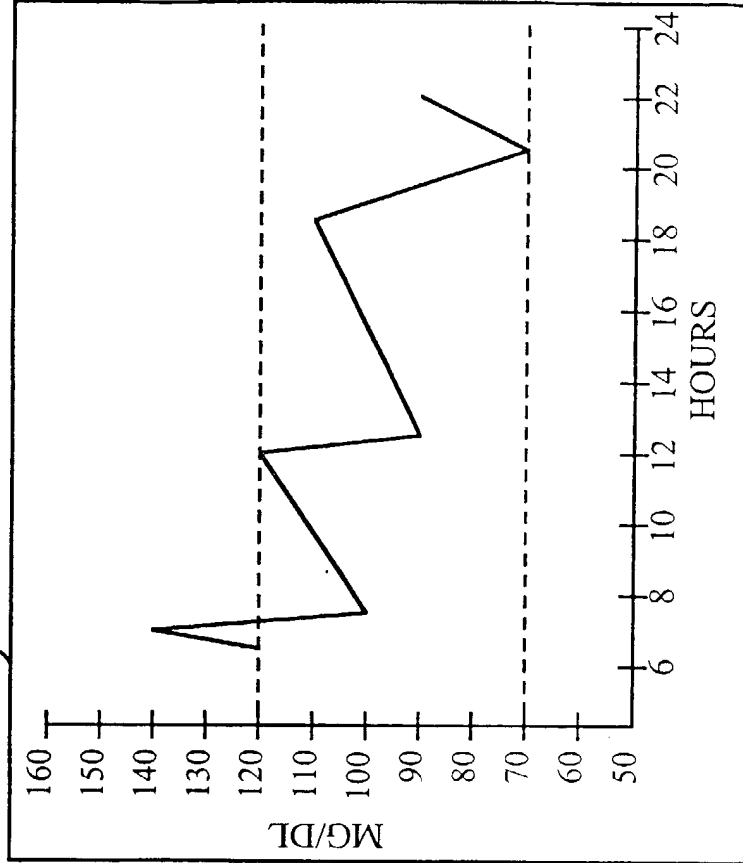


FIG. 10

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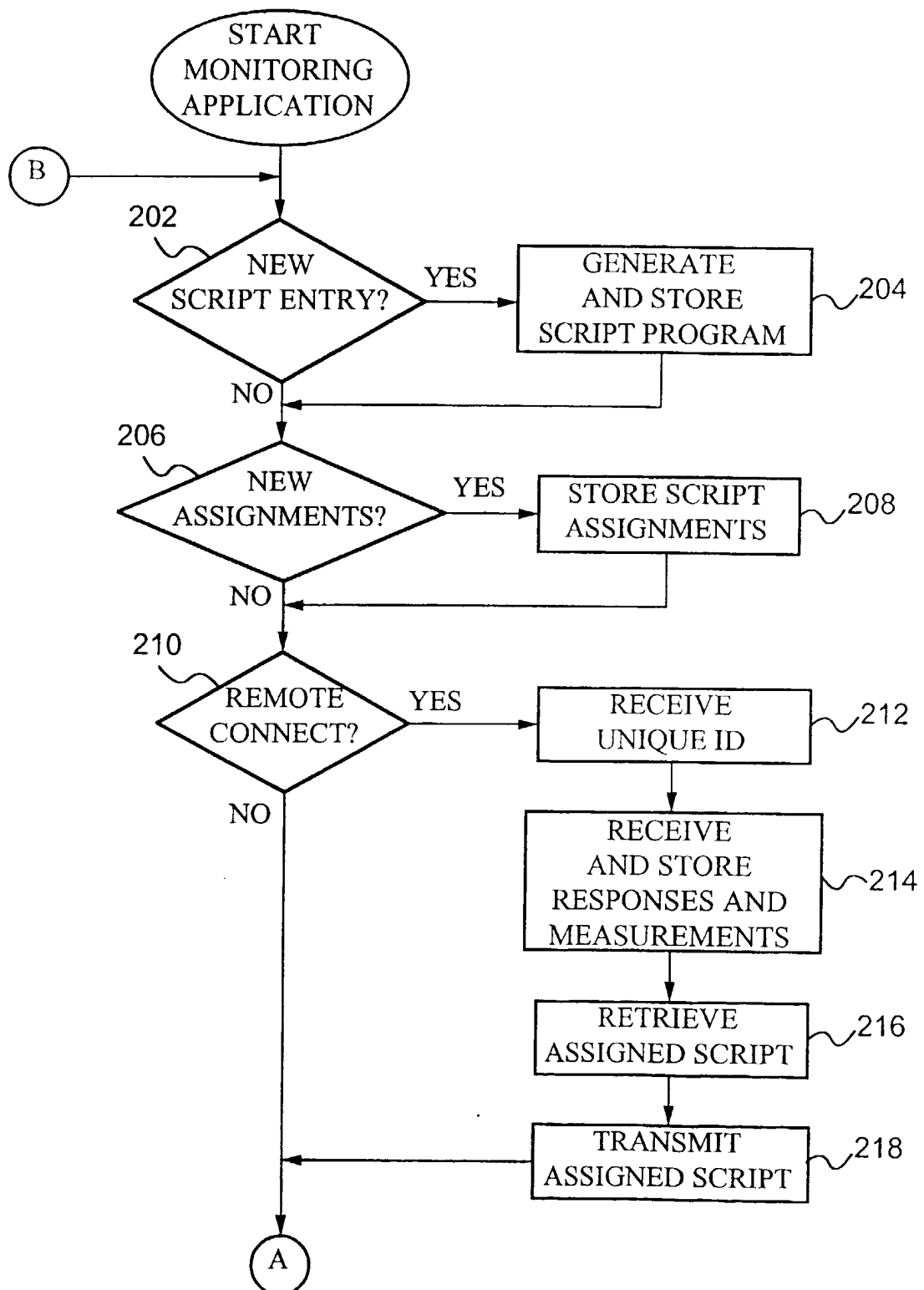
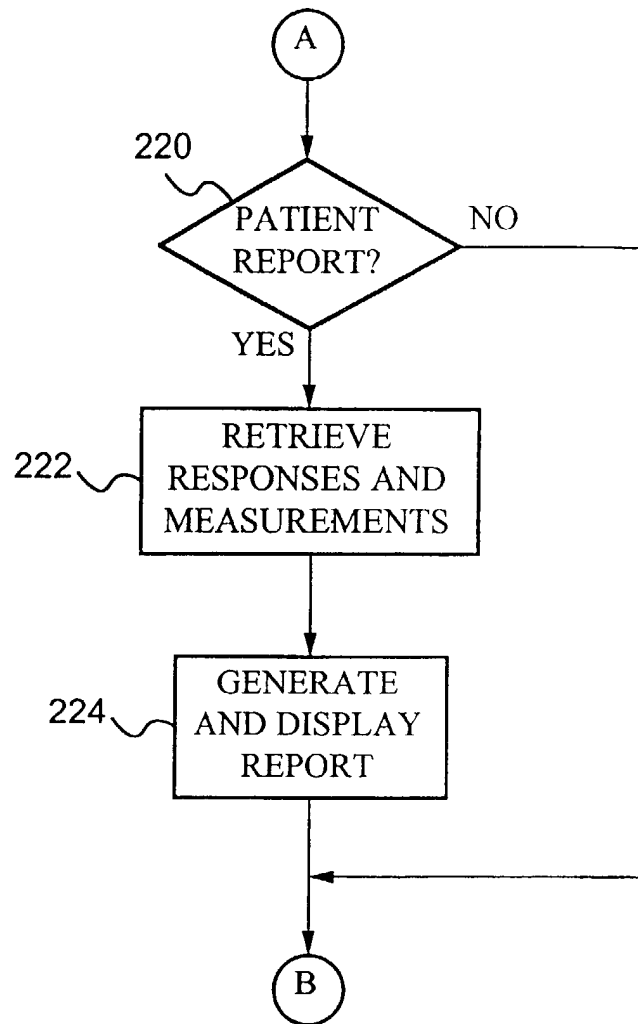
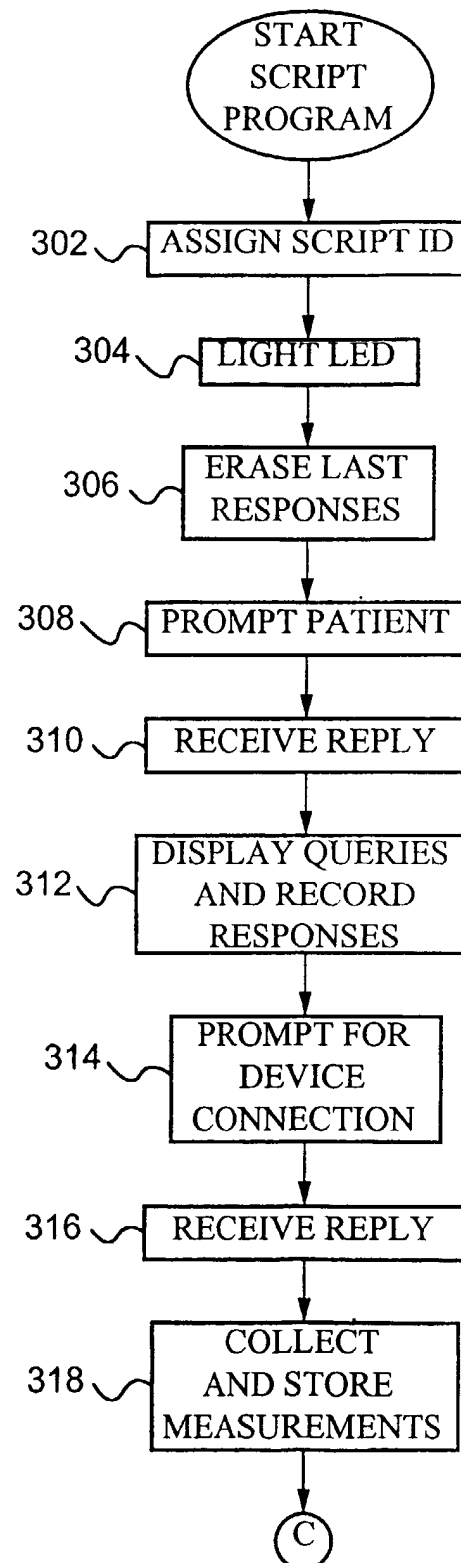


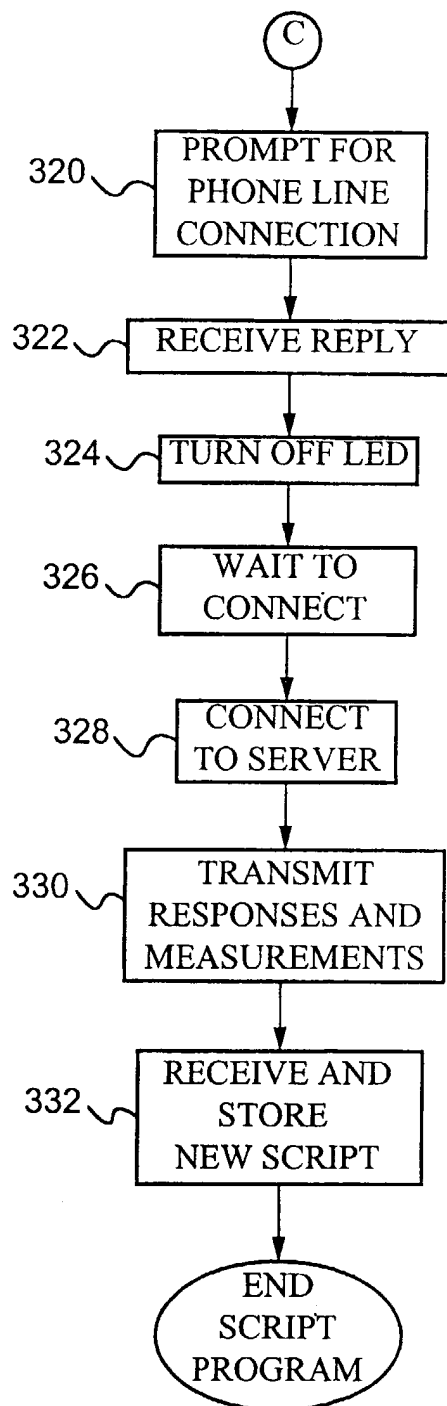
FIG. 11A

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**FIG. 11B**

10/15**FIG. 12A**

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**FIG. 12B**

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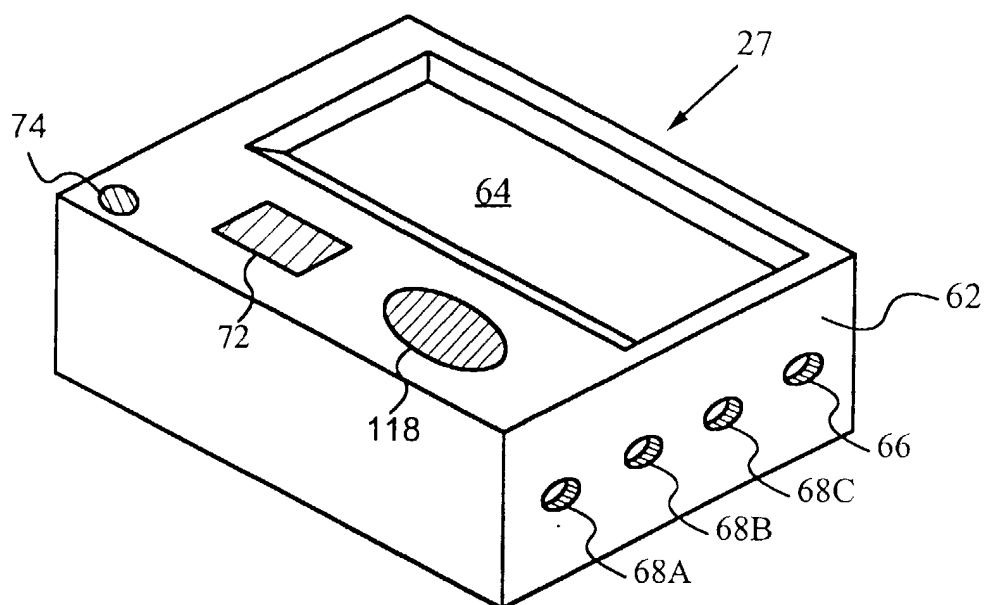


FIG. 13

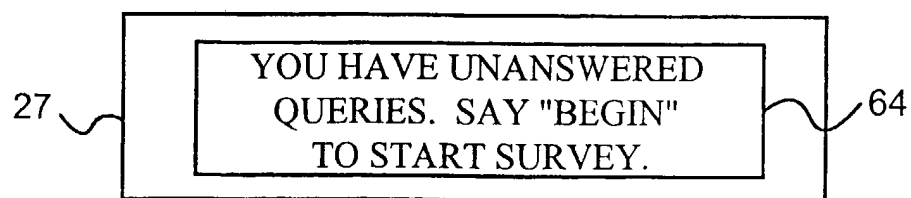
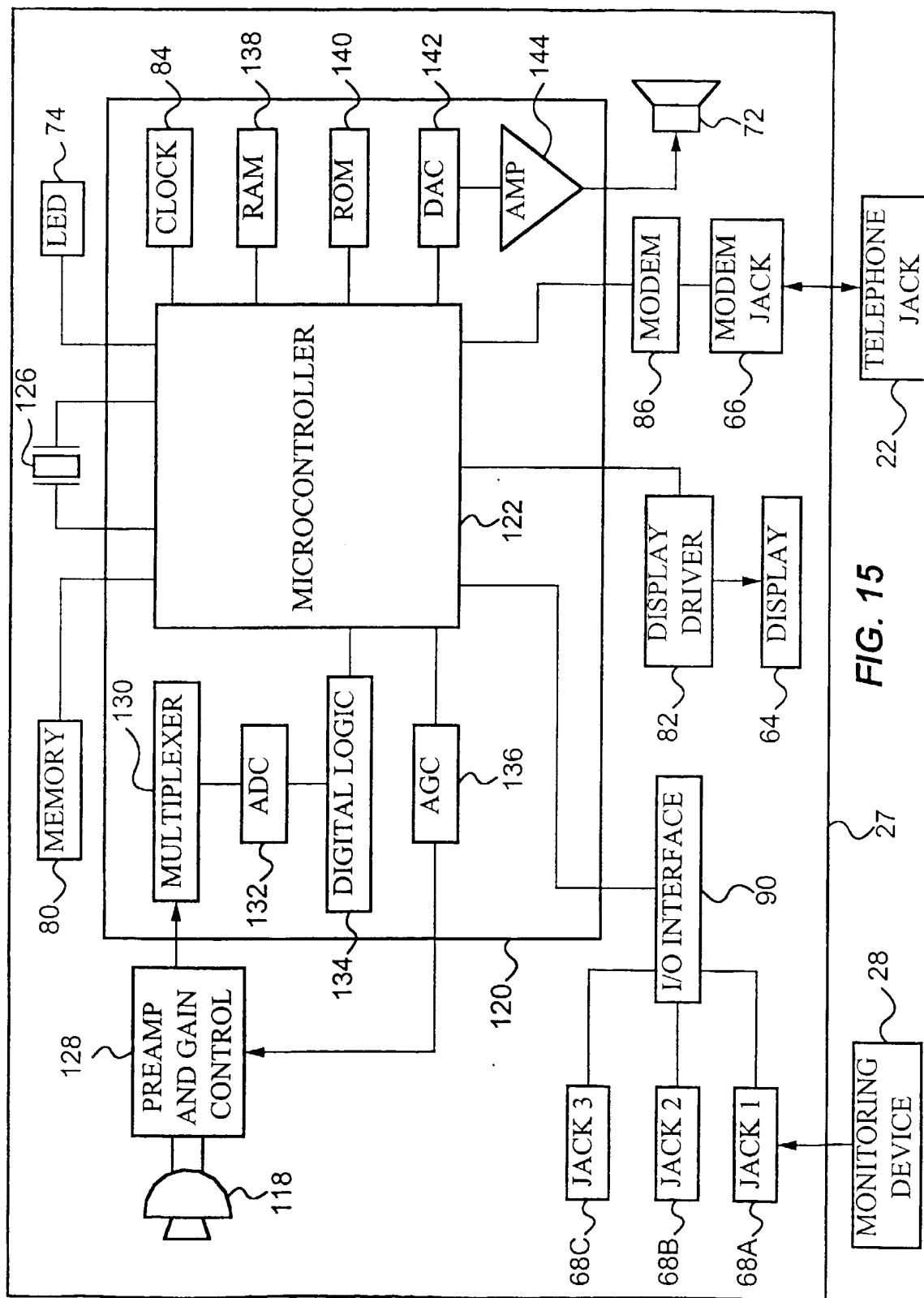
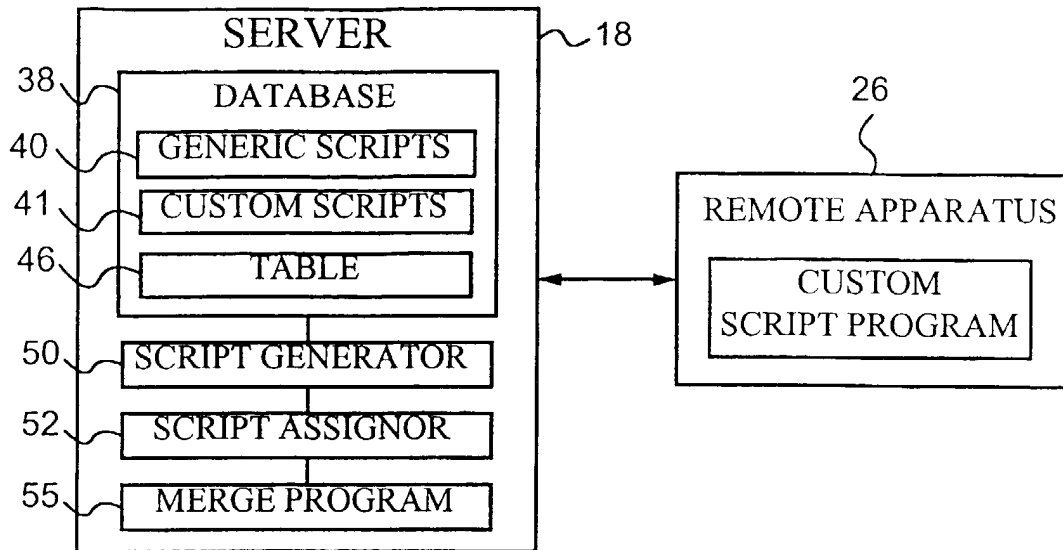
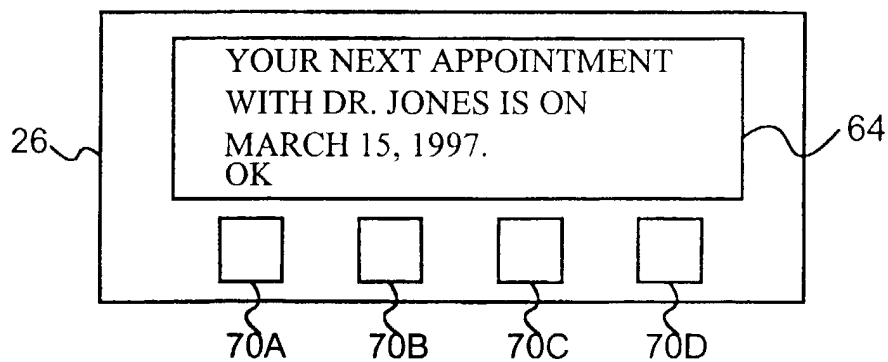
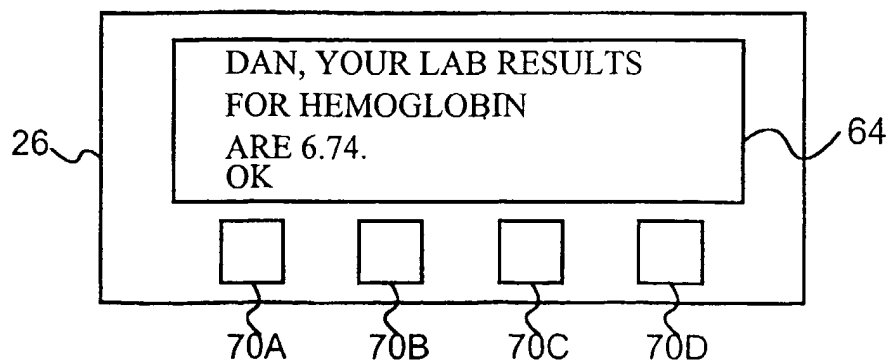


FIG. 14

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**FIG. 16****FIG. 17****FIG. 18**

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SCRIPT ENTRY SCREEN

SCRIPT NAME: DIABETES SCRIPT 2 92

STATEMENTS	CHOICE 1	CHOICE 2	CHOICE 3	CHOICE 4
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT WITH <<INSERT PHYSICIAN_NAME>> IS ON <<INSERT APPOINTMENT_DATE>></p> </div>	OK			
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><<INSERT PATIENT_NAME>>, YOUR LAB RESULTS FOR HEMOGLOBIN ARE <<INSERT HbA1c_RESULT>></p> </div>	OK			
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p><<INSERT PATIENT_NAME>>, REMEMBER TO EXERCISE CONSISTENTLY</p> </div>	OK			

CONNECTION TIME: 03:00 ▽ 100

CREATE SCRIPT 102 CANCEL 104

94

96

FIG. 19

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/US 98/21164

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 G06F19/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 G06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 251 520 A (BUDDY SYSTEMS INC) 7 January 1988	1,3-10, 12-18
Y	see page 2, line 29 - page 3, line 54 see page 5, line 19 - page 9, line 39; figures 1-9	2,11
Y	REIS H: "Telemedicine: transmitting expertise to the point of care" TOWARD AN ELECTRONIC PATIENT '97. CONFERENCE AND EXPOSITION. PROCEEDINGS, PROCEEDINGS OF TEPR '97. TOWARD AN ELECTRONIC PATIENT RECORD '97, NASHVILLE, TN, USA, 27 APRIL-3 MAY 1997, pages 248-256 vol.3, XP002092270 ISBN 0-9640667-9-3, 1997, Newton, MA, USA, Med. Records Inst, USA see page 252, line 1 - page 253, line 10	2,11,21, 28
	-/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

Special categories of cited documents:

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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

4 February 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

18/02/1999

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Authorized officer

Schenkels, P

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 98/21164

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 95 20199 A (INNOVATIVE ENTERPRISES INTERNA) 27 July 1995	19,20, 22, 24-27, 30-32
Y	see page 12, line 25 - page 25, line 3	21,23, 28,29

X	WO 97 08605 A (KELLINGER FREDERICK J ;SCHILDER MARVIN A (US)) 6 March 1997	1,10,19, 26
Y	see abstract see page 8, line 8 - page 12, line 19; figures 1-3	23,29

A	EP 0 320 749 A (ARCH DEV CORP THE UNIVERSITY O) 21 June 1989 see page 4, line 34 - page 10, line 53; figures 1-9	1,10,19, 26

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Int: onal Application No

PCT/US 98/21164

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EP 0320749 A	21-06-1989	US 5025374 A AT 143515 T CA 1325829 A DE 3855573 D DE 3855573 T GB 2213618 A,B GB 2250113 A US 5341291 A US 5572421 A	18-06-1991 15-10-1996 04-01-1994 31-10-1996 07-05-1997 16-08-1989 27-05-1992 23-08-1994 05-11-1996